1 copyright	by FLAG ®							Sta	rting	level:		
Fmod14							Date:					
								Tea	acher	::		
PERSC	NAL IN	FORMA	TION									
	Nome e Cognor	me		Iı	ndirizzo			Cit	tà e CA	ΔP		
	Telefono			Tel.	Cellulare			(	@mail			
		Г	ava usi salit	o <b>m</b> o	nte la lingua ingles	?						
in ufficio	per affari	in viaggio	)		per studio  to la FLAG Schoo		internet internet			□ a	altro	
☐ giornali	☐ volantini	☐ manifesti			pagine gialle o la lingua inglese		sito inter	rnet		☐ passapa	rola	
scuole inf.	scuole sup.	☐ Universita	à		da autodidatta e straniere conosci		altro		per	quanti anni? _		
promuovere iniziative. I non saranne School, in p cancellazion	e l'informaziona informiamo divulgati so divulgati so dersona del le ne, aggiornan	one sulle in o altresì che enza il Suo gale rappreso nento, rettific	i dati sara consenso entante, i a, integra	cult ann . P diri zion	26. I suoi dat urali, manifes o custoditi cor otrà pertanto tti di cui all'ar ne) il tutto diet arri la casella c	staz n i es t.	zioni, con più corre ercitare r 13 della L semplice	nvegnetti cri nei co Legge Sua r	ii, ad teri d onfror 675/1	lesioni alle li riservatez ati della Fl 1996 (tra i	e ns. zza e LAG	
						-			(firm	a)		
GENER	AL ENG	LISH (C	hoose the	e co	orrect answer)	)						Z
1) This is Si a) I	imona b) She	.is from Italy c) You	d) He									
a) My	rs are students b) Your	sscl c) His	nool is in t d) Their	he (	city centre.							
3) Can I a)sent	this parcel b)sending		d)send									
4) My house a) more	e isfrom	town than y b) further	our house c) farrer		d) far							
	nis dictionary b) whose		d) when									

d) were you born

c) you born

6) When and where .....?
a) you were born b) was you born

## Fmod14

1) My friendthe answer to the question	VERBS (Choose the correct answer)					
2) Wherethe car? a) did you park b) did you parked c) parked you d) you parked  3) At nine o'clock yesterday morning we	, .					
a) did you park b) did you parked c) parked you d) you parked  3) At nine o'clock yesterday morning we	a) is know b) know c) knowing c	i) knows				
3) At nine o'clock yesterday morning we						
a) wait b) waiting c) was waiting d) were waiting  4) Here is my reportit at last	a) did you park b) did you parked c) pa	arked you d) you parked				
a) wait b) waiting c) was waiting d) were waiting  4) Here is my reportit at last	3) At nine o'clock vesterday morning we	or the bus.				
a) I finish b) I finished c) I'm finished d) I've finished  5) Weto Ireland for our holidays last year . a) goes b) going c) went d) have gone  PREPOSITIONS (Choose the correct answer)  1° I'll be at homeFriday morning . You can phone me then. a) at b) on c) in d) to  2° When we were in Italy we spent a few daysVenice a) at b) on c) in d) to  3° Our flat isthe second floor . a) at b) on c) in d) to  VOCABULARY Read the text below. Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits in the space correspondent to the number. There is an example at the beginning.  ROAD MAPS  The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exist today started over 200 years ago. The Army was concerned about the 1)						
a) I finish b) I finished c) I'm finished d) I've finished  5) Weto Ireland for our holidays last year . a) goes b) going c) went d) have gone  PREPOSITIONS (Choose the correct answer)  1° I'll be at homeFriday morning . You can phone me then. a) at b) on c) in d) to  2° When we were in Italy we spent a few daysVenice a) at b) on c) in d) to  3° Our flat isthe second floor . a) at b) on c) in d) to  VOCABULARY Read the text below. Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits in the space correspondent to the number. There is an example at the beginning.  ROAD MAPS  The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exist today started over 200 years ago. The Army was concerned about the 1)	4) Here is my report it at lest					
PREPOSITIONS (Choose the correct answer)  1° I'll be at homeFriday morning . You can phone me then. a)at b) on c) in d) to  2° When we were in Italy we spent a few daysVenice a)at b) on c) in d) to  3° Our flat isthe second floor . a)at b)on c) in d) to  VOCABULARY  Read the text below. Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits in the space correspondent to the number. There is an example at the beginning.  ROAD MAPS  The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exist today started over 200 years ago.  The Army was concerned about the 1)		m finished d) I've finished				
a) goes b) going c) went d) have gone  PREPOSITIONS (Choose the correct answer)  1° I'll be at homeFriday morning . You can phone me then. a)at b) on c) in d) to  2° When we were in Italy we spent a few daysVenice a)at b) on c) in d) to  3° Our flat isthe second floor a)at b)on c) in d) to  VOCABULARY Read the text below. Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits in the space correspondent to the number. There is an example at the beginning.  ROAD MAPS  The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exist today started over 200 years ago.  The Army was concerned about the 1)		,				
PREPOSITIONS (Choose the correct answer)  1º I'll be at homeFriday morning . You can phone me then. a)at b) on c) in d) to  2º When we were in Italy we spent a few daysVenice a)at b) on c) in d) to  6º What time did theythe hotel? a)arrive at b) arrive in c) get d) arrive to a)arrive at b) arrive in c) get d) arrive to a)arrive at b) arrive in c) get d) arrive to b) arrive at b) arrive in c) get d) arrive to a)arrive at b) arrive in c) get d) arrive to b) arrive at b) arrive in c) get d) arrive to a)arrive at b) arrive in c) get d) arrive to a)arrive at b) arrive in c) get d) arrive to b) arrive at b) arrive in c) get d) arrive to a)arrive at b) arrive in c) get d) arrive arrive in c) arrive in capitals and in arrive in allieure in c) arrive in capitals and in arrive in allieure in capitals and in		ave gone				
1° I'll be at homeFriday morning . You can phone me then. a) at b) on c) in d) to  2° When we were in Italy we spent a few daysVenice a) at b) on c) in d) to  3° Our flat isthe second floor . a) at b) on c) in d) to  VOCABULARY  Read the text below. Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits in the space correspondent to the number. There is an example at the beginning.  ROAD MAPS  The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exist today started over 200 years ago. The Army was concerned about the 1)	a) goes b) going c) went u) ii	ave gone				
phone me then. a) at b) on c) in d) to  2° When we were in Italy we spent a few daysVenice a) at b) on c) in d) to  3° Our flat isthe second floor . a) at b) on c) in d) to  6° What time will you arrive? I don't know it dependsthe traffic a) of b) from c) on d) for  VOCABULARY  Read the text below. Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits in the space correspondent to the number. There is an example at the beginning.  ROAD MAPS  The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exist today started over 200 years ago. The Army was concerned about the 1)	PREPOSITIONS (Choose the correct answer	er)				
phone me then. a) at b) on c) in d) to  2° When we were in Italy we spent a few daysVenice a) at b) on c) in d) to  3° Our flat isthe second floor . a) at b) on c) in d) to  6° What time will you arrive? I don't know it dependsthe traffic a) of b) from c) on d) for  VOCABULARY  Read the text below. Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits in the space correspondent to the number. There is an example at the beginning.  ROAD MAPS  The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exist today started over 200 years ago. The Army was concerned about the 1)	10 1011 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	140 XXI (C. 1314) 4 4 1	10			
a)at b) on c) in d) to  2° When we were in Italy we spent a few daysVenice a)at b) on c) in d) to  3° Our flat isthe second floor . a)at b) on c) in d) to  VOCABULARY  Read the text below. Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits in the space correspondent to the number. There is an example at the beginning.  ROAD MAPS  The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exist today started over 200 years ago.  The Army was concerned about the 1)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
2° When we were in Italy we spent a few daysVenice a) at b) for c) in d) aboutVenice a) at b) on c) in d) to 6° What time will you arrive? I don't know it dependsthe traffic a) of b) from c) on d) forthe traffic a) of b) from c) on d) forthe second floor a) of b) from c) on d) forthe traffic a) of	•	a)anne at s) anne in s) get	<i>a</i> ) <i>a</i>			
Venice a) at b) on c) in d) to  6° What time will you arrive? I don't know it dependsthe traffic a) of b) from c) on d) for  VOCABULARY Read the text below. Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits in the space correspondent to the number. There is an example at the beginning.  ROAD MAPS  The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exist today started over 200 years ago. The Army was concerned about the 1)	20 17					
a)at b) on c) in d) to  3° Our flat isthe second floor . a)at b)on c) in d) to  VOCABULARY  Read the text below. Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits in the space correspondent to the number. There is an example at the beginning.  ROAD MAPS  The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exist today started over 200 years ago. The Army was concerned about the 1)		a) at b) for c) in	d) about			
3° Our flat isthe second floor .			don't know it			
A CCURATE  They were remarkably 5)	2° Our flat is the second floor	*	d) for			
VOCABULARY Read the text below. Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits in the space correspondent to the number. There is an example at the beginning.  ROAD MAPS  The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exist today started over 200 years ago. The Army was concerned about the 1)			u) 101			
Read the text below. Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits in the space correspondent to the number. There is an example at the beginning.  ROAD MAPS  The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exist today started over 200 years ago.  The Army was concerned about the 1)						
ROAD MAPS  The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exist today started over 200 years ago. The Army was concerned about the 1)	VOCABULARY					
The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exist today started over 200 years ago.  The Army was concerned about the 1)		form a word that fits in the space co	rrespondent to the			
The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exist today started over 200 years ago.  The Army was concerned about the 1)	number. There is an example at the beginning.					
The Army was concerned about the 1)	ROAD MAPS					
The Army was concerned about the 1)	The (DEVELOPMENT) of the road maps of Britain that exis	st today started over 200 years ago.	DEVELOP			
	-					
and lacked detail. Work to produce 4)maps was carried out by an organisation called Ordnance Survey.  They were remarkably 5)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1. POSSIBLE				
organisation called Ordnance Survey.  They were remarkably 5)	•					
They were remarkably 5)						
6)accurate results and set the high standard for which British maps have a  5. SUCCEED						
,						
	•					
Today's 8)have a vast 9)of road atlases produced by a wide range 7. REPUTE						

8. MOTOR9. CHOOSE

10. VARIOUS

of publishers. They 10) .....enormously in style, colour and content but they all derive

from the maps produced by Ordnance Survey.

### **GRAMMAR**

In most lines of the following test, there is ONE word which is either incorrect or does not fit in with the sense of the text. Find this word and circle it. Some lines are correct.

#### MIDSUMMER IN FINLAND

Midsummer, the celebration of the turning of the sun, has been being the highlight of the northern summer for centuries - an event full of symbolism, customs, magic and superstitions. In Finland, Midsummer night is so short as that evening dusk flows into morning dawn almost unnoticed. Even in southern Finland, midnight is the best described as strong twilight.

Midsummer night was the most of all, the celebration of greenery and fruit. Nature is in a full bloom then and the day is never-ending. It was customary throughout Finland to bring branches and greenery to indoors on Midsummer Eve. Houses were so thoroughly cleaned and decorated with birch branches and flower garlands. This 'indoor forest' was complete when leaves on the scrubbed floor gave out a fresh forest aroma. Midsummer is still the Finns most important one summer celebration. They gather together around the bonfire to make dance, play and be with family and friends themselves.

# AMERICAN ENGLISH (T.O.E.F.L.)

Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence.

1)	Ancient civilizations such as those of the Phoenicians and the Mesopotamians		If a ruby is heated ittemporarily lose its color.				
	goods rather than money.		Color .				
a)	Use to trade	a)	Would				
b)	is used to trade	b)	Will				
c)	used to trade	c)	Does				
d)	was used to trade	d)	Has				
2)	Justice Sandra Day O'Connor wasto serve on the U.S. Supreme Court.	5)	Java Man, who lived before the first Ice Age ,is the first manlike animal.				
a)	the woman who first	a)	It is generally believed that				
b)	the first woman	b)	Generally believed it is				
c)	who the first woman	c)	Believed generally is				
d)	the first and a woman	d)	That is generally believed				
3)	North Carolina is well known not only for the Great Smoky Mountains National Parkfor the Cherokee Indian Settlements.		Travelerstheir reservations well in advance if they want to fly during the Christmas holidays.				
a)	Also	a)	had better to get				
b)	And	b)	had to get better				
c) but also			had better get				
d)	because of	d)	had better got				

# BUSINESS ENGLISH (facultative)

Read the text below about the use of gold.

Choose the correct word from A, B, C or D to fill each gap.

#### WHY THE WORLD IS SOLD ON GOLD

Gold is a measure of (example)......C......which is recognised all over the world.

For centuries it was the foundation of the international monetary system and, 1....., today, it remains one of the most important components of a country's foreign currency reserves. What 2.....gold attractive is that it has a value of its own for both industrial and ornamental purposes,3......paper bank notes which are worthless 4.....themselves. As a result, gold is bought as an 5.....in times of financial uncertainty. Until the 1930s, several European currencies were based on the Gold Standard, which meant that the value of a .6.....of currency was fixed in .7.....of a stated quantity of gold . People could freely .8.....any bank notes they had for gold . In 1931, world-wide financial problems .9.....the Gold Standard to be dropped. Then in, 1935, the USA, France and the UK .10......the price of gold at \$ 35 an ounce, which remained the price until 1971. Because the demand for gold .11.....so fast, however, the price of gold for ornamental and industrial purposes was .12.....to rise. Today one ounce of gold costs \$390 in London.

Example: A money B fortune C wealth D richness

- 1) A yet B just C now D even
- 2) A makes B turns C gives D forms
- 3) A against B unlike C contrary D opposite
- 4) A on B for C to D in
- 5) A expense B allowance C investment D 11) A grew B raised C heightened D gained interest
- 6) A unit B piece C bit D part

- 7) A conditions B reference C terms D ways
- 8) A convert B exchange C alter D refund
- 9) A created B resulted C made D caused
- 10) A fixed B attached C laid D stood
- 12) A granted B allowed C accepted D passed

Thank You!!